Welcome to Shields Orchard Farm Outline

· Location.

- o 90 Kms from Sydney in the Blue Mts, 600 meters ASI.
- o 1350 mm rain average
- Mild climate about 500 to 600 hrs a year below 7 deg.
- Has been affected by climate change.
- Shale soils up to 60 cms deep.
- Soils have high organic carbon 7.8 to 8.4% and high water holding capacity.

· Orchard.

- Has been orchard for over 100 years.
- o 6 hect.
- Small by Australian standards.
- o 3300 apples, 11 varieties.
- Ripen from early Feb to mid May.
- Usually have about 3 varieties at a time ripening.
- o 350 stone fruit trees.
- Other minor crops. Blackberries, raspberries, pears.
- Too small to operate in the current market environment dominated by the supermarkets.
- All fruit sold directly off farm during season through the shed shop or by PYO.
- Manage the farm with my wife Julie, some casual labour from time to time in the fruit season.
- Have a variety that we have Plant Breeders rights and trademark for "Julie".

Management practices

- All trees replanted in last 25 years.
- Planting density has gone from 250 trees / hect up to 1800.
- All new plantings on trellis.
 - Horizontal branches encourage early production.
 - Rows run north south to get equal sun light for colour.
 - · Trees dry out quickly after rain less with less likelihood of fungal disease.
 - · All trees irrigated by drip 8 litre / hour.
 - Water needs measured in 2 locations by soil sensors that can be viewed on phone along with all farm wether data.
 - · Irrigation system is programmed.
 - Dam has about 10 million litres.

Pest and diseases

- Use integrated pest management with minimum pesticide use. Which encourages lots of predatory insects that predate on woolly aphids and mites
 - Weather station & phonology models.
 - Trialling electronic fruit fly and Codling moth traps.
 - · Codling moth light trap and pheromone s on trap to attract males that emerges first.
 - · Use baiting of fruit fly.
 - Fungicides used when needed rather than on calendar basis.
 - No broad spectrum insecticides used.

Carbon Positive.

- Management practises.
 - · Minimum use of fertilisers & spray
 - · Farm Solar energy exceeds energy use fro irrigation and normal operation
 - Use compost tea to increase soil biome.
 - · Focusing on importance of soils.
 - Soil organic carbon levels of 8,2 % in 2024, has increased by .1 % a year over the last 5 years